AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 17, 2019 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 23, 2019 AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 4, 2019 AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 11, 2019

SENATE BILL

No. 13

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Introduced by Senator Wieckowski (Principal coauthors: Senators Beall, Hertzberg, and Wiener) (Principal coauthors: Assembly Members Gloria and Quirk-Silva) (Coauthors: Senators Nielsen and Skinner) (Coauthors: Assembly Members-Levine Boerner Horvath, Carrillo, Friedman, Levine, and Patterson)

December 3, 2018

An act to amend Sections 65585 and 65852.2 of the Government Code, and to add and repeal Section 17980.12 of the Health and Safety Code, relating to land use.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 13, as amended, Wieckowski. Accessory dwelling units.

(1) The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency, by ordinance, or, if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, by ministerial approval, to provide for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones. Existing law requires accessory dwelling units to comply with specified standards, including that the accessory dwelling unit is either attached to, or located within, the proposed or existing primary dwelling or detached if located within the same lot, and that it does not exceed a specified amount of total area of floor space. This bill would, instead, authorize the creation of accessory dwelling units in areas zoned to allow single-family or multifamily dwelling use. The bill would also revise the requirements for an accessory dwelling unit by providing that the accessory dwelling unit may be attached to, or located within, an attached garage, storage area, or other structure, and that it does not exceed a specified amount of total floor area.

(2) Existing law generally authorizes a local agency to include in the ordinance parking standards upon accessory dwelling units, including authorizing a local agency to require the replacement of parking spaces if a garage, carport, or covered parking is demolished to construct an accessory dwelling unit. Existing law also prohibits a local agency from imposing parking standards on an accessory dwelling unit if it is located within one-half mile of public transit.

This bill would, instead, prohibit a local agency from requiring the replacement of parking spaces if a garage, carport, or covered parking is demolished to construct an accessory dwelling unit. The bill would also prohibit a local agency from imposing parking standards on an accessory dwelling unit that is located within a traversable distance of one-half mile of public transit, and would define the term "public transit" for those purposes.

(3) Existing law authorizes a local agency to establish minimum and maximum square-feet *unit size* limitations on accessory dwelling units, provided that the ordinance permits an 800 square-foot accessory dwelling unit efficiency unit to be constructed in compliance with local development standards.

This bill would instead require that ordinance to permit an 850 square-foot accessory dwelling unit and, if the unit consists of more than one bedroom, a 1,000 square-foot accessory dwelling unit to be constructed in compliance with local development standards.

This bill would prohibit a local agency from establishing a minimum square footage requirement for either an attached or detached accessory dwelling unit that prohibits an efficiency unit, as defined. The bill would also prohibit a local agency from establishing a maximum square footage requirement for either an attached or detached accessory dwelling unit that is less than 850 square feet, and 1000 square feet if the accessory dwelling unit contains more than one bedroom.

(4) Existing law authorizes a local agency to include in an ordinance governing accessory dwelling units a requirement that a permit applicant be an owner-occupant, and authorizes a local agency, as a part of a ministerial approval process for accessory dwelling units, to require owner occupancy for either the primary or the accessory dwelling unit created by that process.

This bill would, instead, prohibit a local agency from requiring occupancy of either the primary or the accessory dwelling unit.

(5) Existing law requires a local agency that has not adopted an ordinance governing accessory dwelling units to approve or disapprove the application ministerially and without discretionary review within 120 days after receiving the application.

The bill would require a local agency, whether or not it has adopted an ordinance, to consider and approve an application, ministerially and without discretionary review, within 60 days after receiving the application. The bill would also provide that, if a local agency does not act on the application within that time period, the application shall be deemed approved.

(6) Existing law requires fees for an accessory dwelling unit to be determined in accordance with the Mitigation Fee Act. Existing law also requires the connection fee or capacity charge for an accessory dwelling unit requiring a new or separate utility connection to be based on either the accessory dwelling unit's size or the number of its plumbing fixtures.

This bill would prohibit a local agency, special district, or water corporation from imposing any impact fee upon the development of an accessory dwelling unit if that fee, in the aggregate, exceeds specified requirements depending on the size of the unit. The bill would revise the basis for calculating the connection fee or capacity charge specified above to either the accessory dwelling unit's square feet or the number of its drainage fixture unit values, as specified.

(7) Existing law, for purposes of these provisions, defines "accessory structure" as an existing, habitable or nonattached or detached fixed structure, which includes a garage, studio, pool house, or other similar structure.

This bill would redefine "accessory structure" to mean a structure that is accessory and incidental to a dwelling located on the same lot.

(8) Existing law requires a local agency to submit a copy of the adopted ordinance to the Department of Housing and Community Development and authorizes the department to review and comment on the ordinance.

This bill would instead authorize the department to submit written findings to the local agency as to whether the ordinance complies with the statute authorizing the creation of an accessory dwelling unit, and,

if the department finds that the local agency's ordinance does not comply with those provisions, would require the department to notify the local agency and would authorize the department to notify the Attorney General that the local agency is in violation of state law. The bill would authorize the department to adopt guidelines to implement uniform standards or criteria to supplement or clarify the provisions authorizing accessory dwelling units.

(9) Existing law requires the planning agency of each city and county to adopt a general plan that includes a housing element that identifies adequate sites for housing. Existing law authorizes the department to allow a city or county to do so by a variety of methods and also authorizes the department to allow a city or county to identify sites for accessory dwelling units, as specified.

This bill would state that a local agency may count an accessory dwelling unit for purposes of identifying adequate sites for housing in accordance with those provisions.

(10) Existing law, the State Housing Law, a violation of which is a crime, establishes statewide construction and occupancy standards for buildings used for human habitation. Existing law requires, for those purposes, that any building, including any dwelling unit, be deemed to be a substandard building when a health officer determines that any one of specified listed conditions exists to the extent that it endangers the life, limb, health, property, safety, or welfare of the public or its occupants.

This bill would authorize the owner of an accessory dwelling unit that receives a notice to correct violations or abate nuisances to request that the enforcement of the violation be delayed for 10 5 years if correcting the violation is not necessary to protect health and safety, as determined by the enforcement agency, subject to specified requirements. The bill would make conforming and other changes relating to the creation of accessory dwelling units.

By increasing the duties of local agencies with respect to land use regulations, and because the bill would expand the scope of a crime under the State Housing Law, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

(11) The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 65585 of the Government Code is 2 amended to read:

65585. (a) In the preparation of its housing element, each city
and county shall consider the guidelines adopted by the department
pursuant to Section 50459 of the Health and Safety Code. Those
guidelines shall be advisory to each city or county in the
preparation of its housing element.

8 (b) (1) At least 90 days prior to adoption of its housing element, 9 or at least 60 days prior to the adoption of an amendment to this 10 element, the planning agency shall submit a draft element or draft 11 amendment to the department.

(2) The planning agency staff shall collect and compile the
public comments regarding the housing element received by the
city, county, or city and county, and provide these comments to
each member of the legislative body before it adopts the housing
element.

(3) The department shall review the draft and report its written
findings to the planning agency within 90 days of its receipt of the
draft in the case of an adoption or within 60 days of its receipt in
the case of a draft amendment.

(c) In the preparation of its findings, the department may consult
with any public agency, group, or person. The department shall
receive and consider any written comments from any public
agency, group, or person regarding the draft or adopted element
or amendment under review.

26 (d) In its written findings, the department shall determine27 whether the draft element or draft amendment substantially28 complies with this article.

(e) Prior to the adoption of its draft element or draft amendment,
the legislative body shall consider the findings made by the
department. If the department's findings are not available within
the time limits set by this section, the legislative body may act

33 without them.

1 (f) If the department finds that the draft element or draft 2 amendment does not substantially comply with this article, the 3 legislative body shall take one of the following actions:

4 (1) Change the draft element or draft amendment to substantially 5 comply with this article.

6 (2) Adopt the draft element or draft amendment without changes.

7 The legislative body shall include in its resolution of adoption
8 written findings which explain the reasons the legislative body
9 believes that the draft element or draft amendment substantially
10 complies with this article despite the findings of the department.

11 (g) Promptly following the adoption of its element or 12 amendment, the planning agency shall submit a copy to the 13 department.

(h) The department shall, within 90 days, review adoptedhousing elements or amendments and report its findings to theplanning agency.

17 (i) (1) (A) The department shall review any action or failure 18 to act by the city, county, or city and county that it determines is 19 inconsistent with an adopted housing element or Section 65583, including any failure to implement any program actions included 20 21 in the housing element pursuant to Section 65583. The department 22 shall issue written findings to the city, county, or city and county 23 as to whether the action or failure to act substantially complies with this article, and provide a reasonable time no longer than 30 24 25 days for the city, county, or city and county to respond to the 26 findings before taking any other action authorized by this section, 27 including the action authorized by subparagraph (B).

(B) If the department finds that the action or failure to act by
the city, county, or city and county does not substantially comply
with this article, and if it has issued findings pursuant to this section
that an amendment to the housing element substantially complies

32 with this article, the department may revoke its findings until it

33 determines that the city, county, or city and county has come into

34 compliance with this article.

(2) The department may consult with any local government,
public agency, group, or person, and shall receive and consider
any written comments from any public agency, group, or person,
regarding the action or failure to act by the city, county, or city
and county described in paragraph (1), in determining whether the
housing element substantially complies with this article.

(j) The department shall notify the city, county, or city and
county and may notify the office of the Attorney General that the
city, county, or city and county is in violation of state law if the
department finds that the housing element or an amendment to this
element, or any action or failure to act described in subdivision
(i), does not substantially comply with this article or that any local
government has taken an action in violation of the following:

- 8 (1) Housing Accountability Act (Section 65589.5).
- 9 (2) Section 65863.
- 10 (3) Chapter 4.3 (commencing with Section 65915) of Division
- 11 1 of Title 7.
- 12 (4) Section 65008.
- 13 (5) Section 65852.2.
- 14 SEC. 2. Section 65852.2 of the Government Code is amended 15 to read:
- 65852.2. (a) (1) A local agency may, by ordinance, provide
 for the creation of accessory dwelling units in areas zoned to allow
 single-family or multifamily dwelling residential use. The
 ordinance shall do all of the following:
- 20 (A) Designate areas within the jurisdiction of the local agency
- 21 where accessory dwelling units may be permitted. The designation
- 22 of areas may be based on criteria that may include, but are not
- limited to, the adequacy of water and sewer services and the impactof accessory dwelling units on traffic flow and public safety.
- (B) (i) Impose standards on accessory dwelling units that
 include, but are not limited to, parking, height, setback, lot
 coverage, landscape, architectural review, maximum size of a unit,
 and standards that prevent adverse impacts on any real property
 that is listed in the California Register of Historic Resources.
- 30 (ii) Notwithstanding clause (i), a local agency may reduce or
 31 eliminate parking requirements for any accessory dwelling unit
 32 located within its jurisdiction.
- 33 (C) Provide that accessory dwelling units do not exceed the
- 34 allowable density for the lot upon which the accessory dwelling
- 35 unit is located, and that accessory dwelling units are a residential
- use that is consistent with the existing general plan and zoningdesignation for the lot.
- 38 (D) Require the accessory dwelling units to comply with all of 39 the following:
- 39 the following:

1 (i) The *accessory dwelling* unit may be rented separate from 2 the primary residence, but may not be sold or otherwise conveyed 3 separate from the primary residence.

4 (ii) The lot includes a proposed or existing single-family

dwelling.
(iii) The accessory dwelling unit is either attached to, or located
within, the proposed or existing primary dwelling, including
attached garages, storage areas or similar uses, or an accessory
structure or detached from the proposed or existing primary
dwelling and located on the same lot as the proposed or existing
primary dwelling.

(iv) The total floor area of an attached accessory dwelling unit
shall not exceed 50 percent of the proposed or existing primary
dwelling living area or 1,200 square feet.

(v) The total floor area for a detached accessory dwelling unitshall not exceed 1,200 square feet.

(vi) No passageway shall be required in conjunction with theconstruction of an accessory dwelling unit.

19 (vii) No setback shall be required for an existing garage that is

20 converted to an accessory dwelling unit or to a portion of an 21 accessory dwelling unit, and a setback of no more than five feet

from the side and rear lot lines shall be required for an accessorydwelling unit that is constructed above a garage.

(viii) Local building code requirements that apply to detacheddwellings, as appropriate.

(ix) Approval by the local health officer where a private sewagedisposal system is being used, if required.

(x) (I) Parking requirements for accessory dwelling units shall
not exceed one parking space per *accessory dwelling* unit or per
bedroom, whichever is less. These spaces may be provided as
tandem parking on a driveway.

(II) Offstreet parking shall be permitted in setback areas in
locations determined by the local agency or through tandem
parking, unless specific findings are made that parking in setback
areas or tandem parking is not feasible based upon specific site or

36 regional topographical or fire and life safety conditions.

(III) This clause shall not apply to-a *an accessory dwelling* unit
that is described in subdivision (d).

39 (xi) When a garage, carport, or covered parking structure is 40 demolished in conjunction with the construction of an accessory

dwelling unit or converted to an accessory dwelling unit, a local
 agency shall not require that those offstreet parking spaces be
 replaced.

4 (xii) Accessory dwelling units shall not be required to provide 5 fire sprinklers if they are not required for the primary residence.

6 (2) The ordinance shall not be considered in the application of 7 any local ordinance, policy, or program to limit residential growth. 8 (3) A permit application for an accessory dwelling unit shall be 9 considered and approved ministerially without discretionary review 10 or a hearing, notwithstanding Section 65901 or 65906 or any local 11 ordinance regulating the issuance of variances or special use 12 permits, within 60 days after receiving the application. If the local 13 agency has not acted upon the submitted application within 60 14 days, the application shall be deemed approved. A local agency 15 may charge a fee to reimburse it for costs incurred to implement 16 this paragraph, including the costs of adopting or amending any 17 ordinance that provides for the creation of an accessory dwelling 18 unit.

19 (4) An existing ordinance governing the creation of an accessory 20 dwelling unit by a local agency or an accessory dwelling ordinance 21 adopted by a local agency shall provide an approval process that 22 includes only ministerial provisions for the approval of accessory 23 dwelling units and shall not include any discretionary processes, 24 provisions, or requirements for those units, except as otherwise 25 provided in this subdivision. In the event that a local agency has 26 an existing accessory dwelling unit ordinance that fails to meet 27 the requirements of this subdivision, that ordinance shall be null 28 and void and that agency shall thereafter apply the standards 29 established in this subdivision for the approval of accessory 30 dwelling units, unless and until the agency adopts an ordinance 31 that complies with this section.

(5) No other local ordinance, policy, or regulation shall be the
basis for the delay or denial of a building permit or a use permit
under this subdivision.

(6) This subdivision establishes the maximum standards that
local agencies shall use to evaluate a proposed accessory dwelling
unit on a lot that includes a proposed or existing single-family
dwelling. No additional standards, other than those provided in
this subdivision, shall be utilized or imposed, except that a local

agency may require that the property be used for rentals of terms
 longer than 30 days.

3 (7) A local agency may amend its zoning ordinance or general 4 plan to incorporate the policies, procedures, or other provisions 5 applicable to the creation of an accessory dwelling unit if these 6 provisions are consistent with the limitations of this subdivision.

7 (8) An accessory dwelling unit that conforms to this subdivision 8 shall be deemed to be an accessory use or an accessory building 9 and shall not be considered to exceed the allowable density for the lot upon which it is located, and shall be deemed to be a residential 10 use that is consistent with the existing general plan and zoning 11 12 designations for the lot. The accessory dwelling unit shall not be 13 considered in the application of any local ordinance, policy, or 14 program to limit residential growth.

15 (b) When a local agency that has not adopted an ordinance governing accessory dwelling units in accordance with subdivision 16 17 (a) receives an application for a permit to create an accessory 18 dwelling unit pursuant to this subdivision, the local agency shall 19 approve or disapprove the application ministerially without discretionary review pursuant to subdivision (a) within 60 days 20 21 after receiving the application. If the local agency has not acted 22 upon the submitted application within 60 days, the application 23 shall be deemed approved.

24 (c) A local agency may establish minimum and maximum unit 25 size requirements for both attached and detached accessory 26 dwelling units. No minimum or maximum size for an accessory 27 dwelling unit, or size based upon a percentage of the proposed or 28 existing primary dwelling, shall be established by ordinance for 29 either attached or detached dwellings that does not permit either 30 of the following to be constructed in compliance with local 31 development standards:

32 (1) An 850 square-foot accessory dwelling unit.

33 (2) A 1,000 square-foot accessory dwelling unit, if the unit
 34 provides more than one bedroom.

(c) (1) A local agency shall not establish by ordinance a
minimum square footage requirement for either an attached or
detached accessory dwelling unit that prohibits an efficiency unit.
(2) A local agency shall not establish by ordinance a maximum

39 square footage requirement for either an attached or detached

40 accessory dwelling unit that is less than either of the following:

1 (A) 850 square feet.

2 (B) 1,000 square feet for an accessory dwelling unit that 3 provides more than one bedroom.

(d) Notwithstanding any other law, a local agency, whether or
not it has adopted an ordinance governing accessory dwelling units
in accordance with subdivision (a), shall not impose parking
standards for an accessory dwelling unit in any of the following
instances:

9 (1) The accessory dwelling unit is located within a traversable 10 distance of one-half mile of public transit.

11 (2) The accessory dwelling unit is located within an 12 architecturally and historically significant historic district.

(3) The accessory dwelling unit is part of the proposed orexisting primary residence or an accessory structure.

(4) When on-street parking permits are required but not offeredto the occupant of the accessory dwelling unit.

(5) When there is a car share vehicle located within one blockof the accessory dwelling unit.

19 (e) Notwithstanding subdivisions (a) to (d), inclusive, a local 20 agency shall ministerially approve an application for a building 21 permit to create one accessory dwelling unit per lot if the unit is 22 substantially contained within the existing space of a single-family 23 residence or accessory structure, has independent exterior access 24 from the existing residence, and the side and rear setbacks are 25 sufficient for fire safety. 26 (f) A local agency shall not require owner occupancy for either

the primary or the accessory dwelling unit. An agreement with a local agency to maintain owner occupancy as a condition of issuance of a building permit for an accessory dwelling unit shall be void and unenforceable.

(g) (1) Fees charged for the construction of accessory dwelling
units shall be determined in accordance with Chapter 5
(commencing with Section 66000) and Chapter 7 (commencing
with Section 66012).

35 (2) An accessory dwelling unit shall not be considered by a
36 local agency, special district, or water corporation to be a new
37 residential use for the purposes of calculating connection fees or
38 capacity charges for utilities, including water and sewer service.

1 (3) A local agency, special district, or water corporation shall 2 not impose any impact fee upon the development of an accessory 3 dwelling unit if that fee, in the aggregate, exceeds the following:

4 (A) An accessory dwelling unit less than 750 square feet will 5 be charged zero impact fees.

6 (B) An accessory dwelling unit 750 or more square feet shall 7 be charged 25 percent of the impact fees otherwise charged for a 8 new single-family dwelling on the same lot.

9 (4) For an accessory dwelling unit described in subdivision (e),

10 a local agency, special district, or water corporation shall not

11 require the applicant to install a new or separate utility connection 12 directly between the accessory dwelling unit and the utility or

13 impose a related connection fee or capacity charge.

14 (5) For an accessory dwelling unit that is not described in 15 subdivision (e), a local agency, special district, or water corporation 16 may require a new or separate utility connection directly between 17 the accessory dwelling unit and the utility. Consistent with Section 18 66013, the connection may be subject to a connection fee or 19 capacity charge that shall be proportionate to the burden of the 20 proposed accessory dwelling unit, based upon either its square feet

21 or the number of its drainage fixture unit (DFU) values, as defined

22 in the Uniform Plumbing Code adopted and published by the

23 International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials

upon the water or sewer system. This fee or charge shall not exceedthe reasonable cost of providing this service.

(h) This section does not limit the authority of local agenciesto adopt less restrictive requirements for the creation of anaccessory dwelling unit.

29 (i) (1) A local agency shall submit a copy of the ordinance30 adopted pursuant to subdivision (a) to the Department of Housing

31 and Community Development within 60 days after adoption. After

32 adoption of an ordinance, the department may submit written

findings to the local agency as to whether the ordinance complieswith the section.

(2) If the department finds that the local agency's ordinance
does not comply with this section, the department shall notify the
local agency and may notify the office of the Attorney General
that the local agency is in violation of state law.

39 (3) The local agency shall consider findings made by the 40 department pursuant to paragraph (2) and may change the ordinance

1 to comply with this section or adopt the ordinance without changes.

2 The local agency shall include findings in its resolution adopting

3 the ordinance that explain the reasons the local agency believes 4 that the ordinance complies with this section despite the findings

5 of the department. 6 (j) The department may review, adopt, amend, or repeal 7 guidelines to implement uniform standards or criteria that 8 supplement or clarify the terms, references, and standards set forth 9 in this section. The guidelines adopted pursuant to this subdivision 10 are not subject to Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 11340)

11 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2.

12 (k) As used in this section, the following terms mean:

13 (1) "Accessory structure" means a structure that is accessory 14 and incidental to a dwelling located on the same lot.

15 (2) "Efficiency unit" has the same meaning as defined in Section 16 17958.1 of the Health and Safety Code.

17 (2)

18 (3) "Living area" means the interior habitable area of a dwelling

19 unit including basements and attics but does not include a garage 20

or any accessory structure. 21

(3)

- 22 (4) "Local agency" means a city, county, or city and county, 23 whether general law or chartered.
- 24 (4)
- 25 (5) "Neighborhood" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 26 65589.5.

27 (5)

28 (6) "Accessory dwelling unit" means an attached or a detached 29 residential dwelling unit which provides complete independent

30 living facilities for one or more persons. It shall include permanent

31 provisions for living, sleeping, eating, cooking, and sanitation on

32 the same parcel as the single-family dwelling is situated. An

- 33 accessory dwelling unit also includes the following:
- 34 (A) An efficiency-unit, as defined in Section 17958.1 of the 35 Health and Safety Code. unit.
- 36 (B) A manufactured home, as defined in Section 18007 of the
- 37 Health and Safety Code.
- 38 (6)

1 (7) "Passageway" means a pathway that is unobstructed clear

2 to the sky and extends from a street to one entrance of the accessory3 dwelling unit.

4 (7)

5 (8) "Public transit" means a location, including, but not limited 6 to, a bus stop or train station, where the public may access buses,

- 7 trains, subways, and other forms of transportation that charge set
- 8 fares, run on fixed routes, and are available to the public.

9 (8)

10 (9) "Tandem parking" means that two or more automobiles are 11 parked on a driveway or in any other location on a lot, lined up 12 behind one another.

(*l*) Nothing in this section shall be construed to supersede or in
any way alter or lessen the effect or application of the California
Coastal Act of 1976 (Division 20 (commencing with Section
30000) of the Public Resources Code), except that the local
government shall not be required to hold public hearings for coastal
development permit applications for accessory dwelling units.

(m) A local agency may count an accessory dwelling unit for
purposes of identifying adequate sites for housing, as specified in
subdivision (a) of Section 65583.1, subject to authorization by the
department and compliance with this division.

(n) In enforcing building standards for an accessory dwelling
unit pursuant to Article 1 (commencing with Section 17960) of
Chapter 5 of Part 1.5 of Division 13 of the Health and Safety Code,
a local agency, upon request of an owner of an accessory dwelling
unit for a delay in enforcement, shall delay enforcement of a
building standard, subject to compliance with Section 17980.12
of the Health and Safety Code.

30 SEC. 3. Section 17980.12 is added to the Health and Safety 31 Code, immediately following Section 17980.11, to read:

32 17980.12. (a) (1) An enforcement agency, until January 1,

33 2030, that issues to an owner of an accessory dwelling unit a notice

34 to correct a violation of any provision of any building standard

35 pursuant to this part shall include in that notice a statement that

the owner of the unit has a right to request a delay in enforcementpursuant to this subdivision.

(2) The owner of an accessory dwelling unit that receives a
notice to correct violations or abate nuisances as described in
paragraph (1) may, in the form and manner prescribed by the

1 enforcement agency, submit an application to the enforcement

2 agency requesting that enforcement of the violation be delayed for 3 10 *five* years on the basis that correcting the violation is not

4 necessary to protect health and safety.

5 (3) The enforcement agency shall grant an application described

6 in paragraph (2) if the enforcement determines that correcting the

7 violation is not necessary to protect health and safety. In making

8 this determination, the enforcement agency shall consult with the

9 entity responsible for enforcement of building standards and other

10 regulations of the State Fire Marshal pursuant to Section 13146.

(4) The enforcement agency shall not approve any applicationspursuant to this section on or after January 1, 2030. However, any

13 delay that was approved by the enforcement agency before January

14 1, 2030, shall be valid for the full term of the delay that was

approved at the time of the initial approval of the applicationpursuant to paragraph (3).

(b) For purposes of this section, "accessory dwelling unit" has
the same meaning as defined in Section 65852.2.

(c) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2040,
2025 and as of that data is remained.

20 2035, and as of that date is repealed.

21 SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to

22 Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because

a local agency or school district has the authority to levy service

24 charges, fees, or assessments sufficient to pay for the program or

25 level of service mandated by this act, within the meaning of Section

26 17556 of the Government Code.

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