1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

a. <u>Reporting Entity</u>:

The City of Santa Clarita (the City), California was incorporated on December 15, 1987 as a general law city. The City operates under a council-manager form of government and provides its citizens with a full range of municipal services, either directly or under contract with the County of Los Angeles. Such services include public safety (police and fire protection), building permit/plan approval, planning, community development, recreation, animal control and street maintenance.

The Santa Clarita Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) was established in July 1991, pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 33000. The primary purpose of the Agency is to encourage private redevelopment of property and to rehabilitate areas suffering from economic disuse arising from inadequate street layout and street access, lack of open space, landscaping and other improvements and facilities necessary to establish and maintain the economic growth of the City.

The Santa Clarita Public Financing Authority (the Authority) was established in July 1991, as a joint power of authority between the City and the Agency for the purpose of providing financing and funding of public capital improvements and the acquisition of property.

The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity are based on the provisions of GASB Statement 14. The City of Santa Clarita is the primary government unit. Component units are those entities which are financially accountable to the primary government, either because the City appoints a voting majority of the component unit's board, or because the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the City. The Agency and the Authority have been accounted for as "blended" component units of the City. Despite being legally separate, these entities are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Accordingly, the balances and transactions of these component units are reported within the funds of the City. The Agency's financial data and activity are reported within the debt service and capital projects fund types and the general fixed assets and general long-term debt account groups, and the Authority's financial data and activity are reported within the debt service fund type.

The following specific criteria were used in determining that the Agency and the Authority were blended component units:

• The members of the City Council also act as the governing bodies of the Agency and the Authority.

• The Agency and the Authority are managed by employees of the City.

Financial statements for each of the individual component units may be obtained at the City's administrative offices.

b. <u>Description of Fund Types and Account Groups</u>:

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, established for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations. For financial reporting purposes, the various funds for the City have been grouped according to defined fund types and account groups and are presented in this report as follows:

Governmental Fund Types:

<u>General Fund</u> – accounts for all the general revenue of the City not specifically levied or collected for other City funds and for expenditures related to the rendering of general services by the City.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted by law or administrative action for specified purposes.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, interest and principal on general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).

Proprietary Fund Types:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u> - accounts for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of City Council is that the costs and expenses, including depreciation and amortization, of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> - account for activities involved in rendering services to departments within the City. Costs of materials and services used are accumulated in these funds and are charged to the user departments as such goods are delivered or services rendered.

Fiduciary Fund Types:

<u>Expendable Trust Fund</u> - accounts for assets and activities restricted to a specific purpose in accordance with a trust agreement.

Agency Funds - account for assets held by the City as an agent on behalf of others.

Account Groups:

<u>General Fixed Assets Account Group</u> - accounts for fixed assets of the City, except for those accounted for in proprietary fund types.

<u>General Long-Term Debt Account Group</u> - accounts for long-term debt of the City, except for debt accounted for in proprietary fund types.

c. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>:

Governmental fund types and the expendable trust fund are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Generally, revenues are recognized when they become "susceptible to accrual," that is, measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Revenues which are susceptible to accrual include property taxes received within 60 days after year end, taxpayer assessed taxes, such as sales taxes, and earnings on investments. Licenses, permits, fines, forfeits, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as governmental fund type revenues when received in cash because they are not generally measurable until actually received. Generally grant funds received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as deferred revenue. Expenditures are recognized when the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

The accrual basis of accounting is followed by the proprietary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

Agency fund types are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Agency type funds are purely custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations.

For purposes of these general purpose financial statements, the City has conformed to the pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) which are acknowledged as the primary authoritative statements of generally accepted accounting principles applicable to state and local governments. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 20, the City applies all applicable GASB pronouncements as

well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements contradict GASB pronouncements: Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principals Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure.

d. Measurement Focus:

All governmental funds and the expendable trust fund are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. This means that generally only current assets and current liabilities are included on their balance sheets, with the exception that the noncurrent portion of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets, offset by fund balance reserve accounts. Statements of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balances for governmental funds generally present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus. This means that all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with the activity are included on the balance sheets. Their reported fund equity presents total net assets. Proprietary fund operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net assets.

e. <u>Budgetary Accounting</u>:

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1) The annual budget adopted by the City Council provides for the general operation of the City. It includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) The City Council approves total budgeted appropriations and any amendments to appropriations throughout the year. There were no significant non-budgeted financial activities. Actual expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the functional or program level. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts at the program level. The City has the following programs accounted for through its governmental funds general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, community development, capital expenditures and debt service expenditures.

3) Budgets for the General, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds and Capital Projects Funds are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budgeted amounts without any significant reconciling items. No budgetary comparison is presented for the Community Facilities District No. 92-1 and Assessment District 99-1, Capital Projects Funds, or the Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund as the City does not adopt annual budgets for these types of funds. The following is a reconciliation of fund balance for budgeted and nonbudgeted funds.

	Debt Service	Capital Projects
Fund Balance – Budgeted Funds Fund Balance – Nonbudgeted Funds	\$1,147	\$165,193 <u>63,584</u>
Total Fund Balance	<u>\$1,147</u>	<u>\$228,777</u>

- 4) The budgetary information shown for revenues and expenditures represent the original adopted budget adjusted for any changes made by the City Council or City Manager. For the year ended June 30, 2001, budgeted appropriations in the governmental funds increased from \$115,163,210 to \$146,833,873.
- 5) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device. Commitments for materials and services, such as purchase orders and contracts, are recorded during the year as encumbrances to assist in controlling expenditures. Appropriations at year end lapse, and then reappropriated amounts are added to the following year's budgeted appropriations. At June 30, 2001 fund balances have been reserved for encumbrances carried forward.
- f. <u>Investments</u>:

Investments are stated at fair value (see Note 2).

A substantial portion of the City's investments are in short-term, highly liquid instruments, with original maturities of three months or less, including investments in the California Local Agency Investment Fund and Los Angeles County Pooled Investment Fund totaling \$22,423,431. For purposes of the statements of cash flows, all pooled cash and investments held by the enterprise and internal service funds are considered to be short-term and, accordingly, are classified as cash and cash equivalents.

g. <u>Fixed Assets</u>:

General fixed assets are not capitalized in the fund used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction costs are reflected as expenditures in governmental fund types, and the related assets are reported in the General Fixed Assets Account Group. All purchased fixed assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. General fixed assets acquired by capital lease are recorded as expenditures and other financing sources in the acquiring governmental fund. These obligations are then reflected in the general fixed assets and long-term debt account groups. Public domain ("infrastructure") general fixed assets consisting of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems are not capitalized, as these assets are immovable and of value only to the government. Assets in the General Fixed Assets Account Group are not depreciated.

Fixed assets purchased by proprietary fund types are capitalized at historical cost, while contributed assets are recorded at fair market value on the date donated. Depreciation is charged to operations using a straight-line method, based on the average useful life of the asset. The estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Equipment	5-12 years
Building	35 years

h. <u>Contributed Capital/Capital Contributions</u>:

In accordance with GASB Statement (GASBS) No. 33, effective July 1, 2000, governments are required to recognize capital contributions to proprietary funds as revenues, not contributed capital. However, governments are not to restate contributed capital arising from periods prior to implementation of GASBS No. 33.

i. Employee Compensated Absences:

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation (compensated absences). Vacation pay which is expected to be liquidated in the current period with expendable available resources is reported as an expenditure and liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Compensated absences in the amount of \$947,331 which are not expected to be liquidated in the current period with expendable, available, financial resources are reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

j. <u>Property Taxes</u>:

Property taxes are an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1, which become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The County of Los Angeles bills and collects property taxes for the City. Remittance of property taxes to the City is accounted for in the City's General Fund.

k. <u>Inventories</u>:

Inventories are accounted for on the purchase (expenditure) method, whereby expenditures for inventory are written off as incurred. There were no significant inventories on hand at June 30, 2001.

l. <u>Claims and Judgments</u>:

When it is probable that a claim liability has been incurred at year end and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the City records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage under its self-insurance program claims payable, which includes an estimate for incurred but not reported claims (IBNR), and is recorded in an Internal Service Fund.

m. <u>Comparative Data</u>:

Comparative total data from the prior year have been presented in the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of changes in the City's financial position and operations. However, comparative (i.e., presentation of prior year totals by fund type) data have not been presented in each of the statements since their conclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

n. Total Columns on Combined Financial Statements:

The combined financial statements include total columns which aggregate the financial statements of the various fund types and account groups. The columns are designated "Memorandum Only" because the totals are not comparable to a consolidation since interfund transactions are not eliminated.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Authorized Investments

Under provisions of the City's Investment Policy and bond indentures and in accordance with Section 53601 of the California Government Code, the City may invest in the following types of instruments:

Mutual Funds Composed Entirely of U.S. Governmental Securities or other allowable investments
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit
U.S. Government Securities
Bankers Acceptances
Commercial Paper
Medium-Term Corporate Notes
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
Los Angeles County Pooled Investment Fund
Federal Agency Obligations

California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

The LAIF is a special fund of the California State Treasury through which local governments may pool investments. Each City or Agency may invest up to \$30,000,000 in the fund. Investments in LAIF are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours.

Los Angeles County Pooled Investment Fund

The Los Angeles County Pool is a special fund of the County of Los Angeles through which Cities in Los Angeles County may pool investments. Each City may invest an unlimited amount in the fund. Investments in the pool are highly liquid, as deposits can be converted to cash within 24 hours.

Classification of Deposits and Investments By Credit Risk

Statement No. 3 of the Governmental Accounting Standard Board requires that deposits and investments be classified into three categories of credit risk. These categories are as follows:

Deposits:

- Category 1 Deposits which are insured or collateralized with securities held by the City or the City's agent in the City's name.
- Category 2 Deposits which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the City's name.
- Category 3 Deposits which are uncollateralized.

Investments:

- Category 1 Investments which are insured or registered, or where the securities are held by the City or the City's agent in the City's name.
- Category 2 Investments which are uninsured and unregistered with securities held by the purchasing financial institution's trust department or agent in the City's name.
- Category 3 Investments which are uninsured and unregistered, with the securities held by the purchasing financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the City's name.

Investments Not Subject to Categorization:

Investments in the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and the Los Angeles County Pooled Investment Fund are not categorized, as GASB Statement 3 does not require categorization of investment pools managed by another government. Also, investments held by fiscal agents are not categorized because the underlying assets of these investments consist of open-ended mutual funds. All such investments are not required to be categorized under interpretive guidelines issued by the GASB.

The City's deposits and investments were categorized as follows at June 30, 2001:

	1	Category 2	3	Carrying Amount
<u>Deposits</u>				
Pooled Deposits				
Demand Accounts: Bank balances Deposits in transit Outstanding checks Petty cash	\$111,404	\$551,712		\$ 663,116 107,446 (1,268,464) 2,512
Book balance	111,404	_551,712		(495,390)
Total Deposits	<u>\$111,404</u>	<u>\$555,712</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (495,390</u>)

		Category		
	1	2	3	Fair Value
Investments:				
Los Angeles County				
Pooled Investment Fund				\$ 1,094,696 ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾
California Local Agency				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Investment Fund				21,328,735 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
Corporate Notes	\$24,622,254			24,622,254
Federal National				
Mortgage Association	12,056,235			12,056,235
Federal Home Loan Bank	14,131,754			14,131,754
Federal Farm Credit Bank	2,052,150			2,052,150
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	5,002,650			5,002,650
Total Investments	57,865,043			80,288,474
Investments Held By Fiscal Agent	<u>ts:</u>			
Mutual Funds				2,121,823
Total Investments	<u>\$57,865,043</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$82,410,297</u>

⁽¹⁾ Not subject to categorization.

- ⁽²⁾ The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's prorata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, and corporations.
- ⁽³⁾ At June 30, 2001, market value for the Los Angeles County Pooled Investment Fund (LACPIF) was \$12,172,026,431 compared to principal cost of \$12,149,871,961. Included in the LACPIF's investment portfolio are certain derivative securities in the form of asset-backed securities and floating rate notes, representing approximately 4.9% of the LACPIF total investment portfolio. Information regarding the LACPIF's (and the City's) exposure to credit, market or legal risk is currently not available.

Total cash and investments at June 30, 2001 consisted of the following:

Cash and investments	\$79,793,084
Cash and investments held by fiscal agents	
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$81,914,907</u>

Allocation of Interest Income Among Funds

Interest income from pooled investments is allocated to those funds which are required by law or administrative action to receive interest and to the proprietary funds. Interest is allocated monthly based on the cash balances in each fund receiving interest. Investments from bond proceeds are maintained separately and interest on these investments are allocated specifically to the capital projects fund which received the bond proceeds.

3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Changes in General Fixed Assets for the year ended June 30, 2001 are as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	<u>July 1, 2000</u>	Additions	Deletions	<u>June 30, 2001</u>
Land and improvements	\$33,532,271	\$4,231,352		\$37,763,623
Buildings	15,914,791	4,240,456		20,155,247
Equipment	5,293,536	250,913	<u>\$21,962</u>	5,522,487
Totals	<u>\$54,740,598</u>	<u>\$8,722,721</u>	<u>\$21,962</u>	<u>\$63,441,357</u>

Changes in the proprietary fund property, plant and equipment for the year ended June 30, 2001 are as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at
	July 1, 2000	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2001
Enterprise Fund				
Equipment acquired by				
capital lease/notes payable	\$11,226,401			\$11,226,401
Equipment purchased	812,282	\$ 8,072,586	\$1,857,539	7,027,329
Buildings	7,590,300	2,401,351		9,991,651
Land	3,128,572			3,128,572
	22,757,555	<u>\$10,473,937</u>	<u>\$1,857,539</u>	31,373,953

	Balance at July 1, 2000	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2001
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>(7,594,435</u>)			(8,175,025)
Net Assets	<u>\$15,163,120</u>			<u>\$23,198,928</u>
Internal Service Fund Equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 716,855 (423,844)	<u>\$291,922</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,008,777 (602,909)
Net Assets	<u>\$ 293,011</u>			<u>\$ 405,868</u>

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the changes in the City's general long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2001:

	Balance at			Balance at
	<u>July 1, 2000</u>	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2001
Financing Authority Certificates				
of Participation - Series 1997	\$19,670,000			\$19,670,000
Notes payable	3,019,844		\$160,649	2,859,195
Leases payable	394,878		72,531	322,347
Loan payable	2,000,000		130,000	1,870,000
Advances from other funds	3,415,972	\$419,817		3,835,789
Compensated absences (Note 1h)	855,096	92,235		947,331
Totals	<u>\$29,355,790</u>	<u>\$512,052</u>	<u>\$363,180</u>	<u>\$29,504,662</u>

a. Financing Authority Refunded Certificates of Participation 1997:

On August 1, 1997, the Santa Clarita Public Financing Authority issued \$19,670,000 in Certificates of Participation with an average interest rate of 4.9% to advance refund \$18,800,000 of outstanding 1991 Series certificates with an average interest rate of 6.8%. These securities were all deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1991 series certificates. As a result, the 1991 series certificates are considered to be defeased and the liability for those certificates has been removed from the general long-term debt account group. The Authority amended and restated the lease agreement that was entered into simultaneously with the refunded certificate issue with the City.

Principal amounts on \$12,195,000 of serial certificates mature annually each October 1, in the years 2001 through 2015 and bear interest at rates ranging from 4.5% to 5.0%. Term certificates in the amounts of \$2,370,000 and \$5,105,000 are due October 1, 2017 and 2021, respectively, and each bear interest at 5%. Interest is payable semiannually on April 1 and October 1.

The certificates are subject to optional redemption on or after October 1, 2005, and on any interest payment date thereafter at a price equal to the principal amount plus accrued interest to the redemption date, plus a premium ranging from 0.0% to 2.00%. The term certificates are subject to mandatory redemption on any October 1, from 2016 to 2021, in amounts ranging from \$920,000 to \$1,435,000, at a price equal to the principal amount plus accrued interest to the redemption date. In addition, the certificates are subject to mandatory redemption date. In addition, the certificates are subject to mandatory redemption under various other circumstances as described in the official statement dated August 1, 1997.

Future debt service requirements on the certificates are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2002	\$ 195,000	\$ 948,883	\$ 1,143,883
2003	500,000	923,246	1,423,246
2004	640,000	907,275	1,547,275
2005	695,000	876,570	1,571,570
2006	730,000	843,795	1,573,795
Thereafter	16,910,000	7,337,261	24,247,261
	<u>\$19,670,000</u>	<u>\$11,837,030</u>	<u>\$31,507,030</u>

- b. Notes Payable:
 - 1. The City entered into an agreement whereby the Price Enterprise, Inc. loaned the City \$2,557,436 for the acquisition of certain public improvements. Interest on the note accrues at the rate of 10% per year. Payments are due quarterly and will equal 70% of the sales tax revenue generated from the operation of the Price Club Center (owned by the Price Enterprise, Inc.). The payments will be made for a period of 30 years or until the accrued interest and principal are paid in full, beginning October 1, 1993. In the event that payments are insufficient to fully discharge the note in 30 years, the unpaid balance of principal and interest will be forgiven. Sales tax generated has been less than current interest due during certain periods. Therefore, the City has added unpaid accrued interest payable to the outstanding principal balance of the note. At June 30, 2001, the balance outstanding of \$2,859,195 on the note included \$2,557,436 in original loan proceeds and \$301,759 of accrued interest.

- c. Leases Payable:
 - 1. In September 1998, the City entered into a lease with an option to purchase agreement in the amount of \$420,000 for the lease of a phone system through Leasing Innovations, Incorporated. Such agreement carries interest at the rate of 4.97% per annum on the unpaid principal balance, payable annually from July 1, 2001 through July 1, 2005.

Future lease payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2002	\$ 54,198	\$14,875	\$ 69,073
2003	56,892	12,181	69,073
2004	59,719	9,354	69,073
2005	62,687	6,386	69,073
2006	65,798	3,275	69,073
	<u>\$299,294</u>	<u>\$46,071</u>	<u>\$345,365</u>

2. In September 1999, the City entered into a lease with an option to purchase agreement in the amount of \$31,892 for the lease of two (2) copiers through Ricoh Corporation. Such agreement carries interest at the rate of 10.51% per annum on the unpaid principal balance, payable annually from November 1, 1999 through October 1, 2004.

Future lease payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2002	\$ 6,093	\$2,135	\$ 8,228
2003	6,765	1,463	8,228
2004	7,511	717	8,228
2005	2,684	<u> </u>	2,743
	<u>\$23,053</u>	<u>\$4,374</u>	<u>\$27,427</u>

d. Loan Payable:

In December 1999, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development for the amount of \$2,000,000. The purpose of this loan is for installation of curbs, gutters and sidewalks in the West Newhall area. Payments are due semi-annually, commence on August 1, 2001 and continue through August 1, 2014. CDBG funds will be used to repay the loan.

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2002	\$ 130,000	\$ 132,343	\$ 262,343
2003	130,000	123,200	253,200
2004	130,000	113,975	243,975
2005	130,000	104,695	234,695
2006	130,000	95,407	225,407
Thereafter	1,220,000	430,678	1,650,678
	<u>\$1,870,000</u>	<u>\$1,000,298</u>	<u>\$2,870,298</u>

Future loan payment requirements are as follows:

- - ---

e. Advances from Other Funds:

...

The Agency has received advances totaling \$3,835,789 which includes \$2,808,540 of principal and \$1,027,249 of accrued interest, from the City's General Fund, which are recorded as "Advances to Other Funds" in the General Fund. Current year principal advances of \$129,459 are recorded as "Other Financing Sources" in the Agency's Capital Projects Fund and interest for fiscal year 2000-2001 of \$290,358 in the Agency's Debt Service Fund. Since the debt will be repaid from future tax increments as it becomes available, the debt from the Agency to the General Fund has been recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group.

5. DEFERRED REVENUE AND LOANS RECEIVABLE

At June 30, 2001, deferred revenue consisted of the following:

- a. The City collects funds in advance as reimbursement of costs for providing recreation classes to the public. At June 30, 2001, \$260,699 in fees collected in advance for providing recreation classes were recorded as deferred revenue in the General Fund to reflect fees not earned.
- b. In the General Fund, accrued interest receivable of \$1,027,249 added to the Advances to the Redevelopment Agency has been recorded as deferred revenue since the accrued interest is not considered a resource to finance current expenditures.
- c. Other deferred revenue in the General Fund consisted of \$644,080 in advances received for construction projects for which the related expenditures had not been incurred, \$106,126 in accordance with GASBS No. 33, and \$120,706 of franchise fees received by the City, but not yet earned.
- d. The City collects funds in advance from developers to provide funds for construction of related projects. At June 30, 2001, \$831,040 in the Bikeway Special Revenue Fund, \$3,294,480 in the Developer Fees Special Revenue Fund, and \$888,560 in the Library

Facilities Fees Special Revenue Fund, related to grant and developer receipts, were recorded as deferred revenue since the related expenditures for the construction projects had not been incurred.

- e. Other deferred revenue in Special Revenue Funds consisted of \$86,223 in the Bridge and Thoroughfare Fund, \$58,789 in the Proposition A Fund, \$1,940,876 in the State Parks Fund, \$122,874 in the Federal Aid Urban Fund, \$429,790 in the Miscellaneous Grants Fund, \$7,034 in the Sewer Maintenance Fund, \$128,072 in the BJA Law Enforcement Fund, \$185,203 in the Supplemental Law Grant Fund, \$79,707 in the Federal Grants Fund, all deferred in accordance with GASBS No. 33.
- f. Loans receivable of \$106,161 and \$360,435 funded by grant funds have been offset by deferred revenue in the CDBG and HOME Special Revenue Funds respectively.
- g. Grants receivable of \$461,238 in the Transit Fund have been offset by deferred revenue.

6. DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

- a. The City has received \$28,504,620 in grant funds in the Earthquake Special Revenue Fund to provide for repairs related to the 1994 Northridge Earthquake and various floods. As of June 30, 2001, the City has incurred \$28,357,404 in expenditures related to the grant funds. The City has recorded a liability for Due to Other Governments in the amount of \$147,216 to reflect the balance of working capital loans.
- b. The City received State and Local Partnership Project funds to provide for the construction of the Commuter Rail Trail. The provisions of the contract provide for a portion of these funds to be paid to the Metropolitan Transit Authority (MTA). As of June 30, 2001, the balance payable to the MTA was \$364,725 in the Proposition C Special Revenue Fund.
- c. The City received a refund in the amount of \$1,192 from the County of Los Angeles for its work on Railroad Avenue. The City has recorded a Due to Federal Government in the CDBG Special Revenue Fund for this amount since it is payable to HUD.

7. PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE OF LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of the changes in the proprietary fund type long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2001:

	Balance at			Balance at
	<u>July 1, 2000</u>	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2001
Transit Enterprise Fund:				
Master lease obligations	\$ 284,106		\$ 284,106	
Leases payable	5,378,351		721,647	<u>\$4,656,704</u>
	5,662,457		1,005,753	4,656,704
Less: Lease Discount	(3,091)	<u>\$3,709</u>		618
Total Transit Enterprise Fund Long-Term Debt	<u>\$5,659,366</u>	<u>\$3,709</u>	<u>\$1,005,753</u>	<u>\$4,657,322</u>

Leases Payable - Buses:

1. October 1991, the City entered into a lease with an option to purchase agreement in the amount of \$4,895,000 for the lease of sixteen buses from the Los Angeles County Transportation Commission. Such agreement carries interest rates ranging from 4.9% to 6.5%, payable semiannually from July 1, 1992 through January 1, 2004.

Future lease payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2002 2003	\$ 485,000 520,000	\$ 84,308 52,390	\$ 569,308 572,390
2004	550,000	17,875	567,875
	<u>\$1,555,000</u>	<u>\$154,573</u>	<u>\$1,709,573</u>

2. In January 1998, the City entered into a lease with an option to purchase agreement in the amount of \$1,539,232 for the lease of four buses. Such agreement carries an interest rate at 5.2% payable annually on January 22, 1999 through January 22, 2009.

Future lease payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2002	\$ 111,322	\$ 55,548	\$ 166,870
2003	117,100	49,770	166,870
2004	123,178	43,692	166,870
2005	129,570	37,300	166,870
2006	136,295	30,575	166,870
Thereafter	452,815	47,793	500,608
	<u>\$1,070,280</u>	<u>\$264,678</u>	<u>\$1,334,958</u>

3. In December 1998, the City entered into a lease with an option to purchase agreement in the amount of \$2,335,964 for the lease of six buses. Such agreement carries an interest rate at 4.77% payable annually on December 31, 1999 through December 31, 2010.

Future lease payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2002	\$ 163,249	\$ 96,899	\$ 260,148
2003	171,036	89,112	260,148
2004	179,195	80,953	260,148
2005	187,742	72,406	260,148
2006	196,698	63,450	260,148
Thereafter	1,133,504	167,240	1,300,744
	<u>\$2,031,424</u>	<u>\$570.060</u>	<u>\$2,601,484</u>

8. INTERFUND BALANCES:

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2001 are as follows:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General Fund	\$2,848,424	
Special Revenue Funds:		
Special Assessment District		\$ 3,282
State Park		1,808,284
TDA		4,178
Traffic Safety		12,914
CDBG		388,270
Federal Aid Urban (FAU)		97,725
Miscellaneous Grants		79,763
OCJP Grant		14,233
Federal Grants		150,356
Enterprise Fund:		
Transit		289,419
	<u>\$2,848,424</u>	<u>\$2,848,424</u>

9. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u>: The City of Santa Clarita contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their executive office: 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Participants are required to contribute 7% of their annual covered salary. The City makes the contributions required of City employees on their behalf and for their account. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 6.5% for non-safety employees. The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by PERS.

<u>Annual Pension Cost</u>: For 2001, the City's annual pension cost of \$1,356,898 for PERS was equal to the City's required and actual contribution. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 1999, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 8.25% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected annual salary increases that vary by duration of service, and (c) 3.75% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.5%. The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a four-year period (smoothed market value). PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2001, was four years for prior service unfunded, and 15 years for remaining unfunded.

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of <u>APC Contributed</u>	Net Pension Obligation
6/30/99	\$1,455	100%	0
6/30/00	1,426	100%	0
6/30/01	1,357	100%	0

THREE-YEAR TREND INFORMATION FOR PERS (\$ Amount in Thousands)

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR PERS (\$ Amount in Thousands) (most recent information available)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of <u>Assets</u> (A)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) <u>Entry Age</u> (B)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL)/ (Excess <u>Assets)</u> (B-A)	Funded <u>Ratio</u> (A/B)	Covered Payroll (C)	UAAL as a % of Covered <u>Payroll</u> [(B-A)/C]
6/30/97	\$ 8,570	\$ 7,991	\$ (579)	107.2%	\$ 9,625	(6.015%)
6/30/98	11,324	9,244	(2,080)	122.5%	10,134	(20.525%)
6/30/99	15,005	10,961	(4,044)	136.9%	11,204	(36.094%)

10. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN/DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City has established Deferred Compensation/Defined Contribution plans for certain classifications of management under Internal Revenue Service Code Section 401(a). City participation in contributions to the plans is mandatory. The City is obligated to contribute amounts ranging from \$2,000 to \$8,000 per participant, per year. Employee contributions to certain plans are voluntary. During the year there were 19 participants. The City contributions totaled \$41,416 and employees contributed \$35,733. Total plan assets at June 30, 2001 were \$566,376.

11. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

a. Deficit Fund Balances/Retained Earnings:

Funds which have deficit fund balances/retained earnings at June 30, 2001 are as follo

Special Revenue Funds:	
Developer Fees	\$ 250,975
State Park	1,810,713
TDA	3,384
CDBG	2
Federal Aid Urban (FAU)	90,081
OCJP	6,831
BJA Law Enforcement	6,445
Federal Grants	135,405
Internal Service Fund – Self-Insurance	802,681

The City plans to remove the deficit in the Special Revenue Funds through operating transfers from the General Fund, developer fees, and additional grant revenue from other governmental agencies. The deficit in the Self-insurance Fund has been designated in the General Fund and the City plans on recovering this amount through future operating transfers.

b. Expenditures of \$1,902,678 in the Earthquake Special Revenue Fund exceeded appropriations of \$1,760,000.

12. SELF-INSURANCE

The City is self-insured for the first \$250,000 on each general liability claim against the City. At June 30, 2001 \$1,160,799 was accrued for general liability claims. This accrual represents estimates of amounts to be paid for incurred and reported claims as well as incurred but unreported claims based upon past experience and modified for current trends and information. While the ultimate amounts of losses incurred through June 30, 2001 are dependent on future developments, based upon information provided from the City Attorney, outside counsel and others involved with the administration of the programs, the City's management believes that the aggregate accrual is adequate to cover such losses. Purchased insurance coverage is currently maintained for general liability claims greater than \$250,000 up to a limit of \$10,000,000.

Settled claims have not exceeded any of these coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years and there were no reductions in the City's insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2001.

Changes in the reported liability since June 30, 1999, resulted in the following:

Liability as of June 30, 1999 Claims and changes in estimates	\$ 941,847
during the year ended June 30, 2000	617,293
Claims payments during the year ended June 30, 2000	(549,484)
Liability as of June 30, 2000 Claims and changes in estimates	1,009,656
during the year ended June 30, 2001	1,075,836
Claims payments during the year ended June 30, 2001	(924,693)
Liability as of June 30, 2001	<u>\$1,160,799</u>

13. RESERVES AND DESIGNATIONS OF FUND EQUITY

A city may set up "reserves" of fund equity to segregate fund balances or retained earnings which are not appropriable for expenditure in future periods, or which are legally set aside for a specific future use. Fund "designations" also may be established to indicate tentative plans for financial resource utilization in a future period.

The City's reserves and designations at June 30, 2001, are tabulated below, followed by explanations as to the nature and purpose of each reserve and designation.

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service <u>Funds</u>	Capital Projects Funds	Enterprise Fund
Reserves:					
Encumbrances	\$12,415,891	\$8,424,886			
Continuing appropriations					
Advances to other funds	3,835,789				
Prepaid items	78,418				
Debt service			<u>\$1,147</u>		<u>\$489,500</u>
TOTAL RESERVES	<u>\$16,330,098</u>	<u>\$8,424,886</u>	<u>\$1,147</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$489,500</u>
Designations: Self-insurance Earthquake	\$ 802,681				
Special revenue purposes Capital improvements	9,896,157	\$32,273,605		<u>\$63,584</u>	
TOTAL DESIGNATIONS	<u>\$10,698,838</u>	<u>\$32,273,605</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$63,584</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

- a. Reserved for Encumbrances Amounts reserved for encumbrances are commitments for materials and services on purchase orders and contracts which are unperformed.
- b. Reserved for Continuing Appropriations Appropriations for capital projects and other expenditures which are unexpended as of June 30, 2001 will carry forward as continuing appropriations to be expended in 2001-01.
- c. Reserved for Advances to Other Funds This reserve is established to reflect the advances to the Redevelopment Agency so that they will not be considered as current funds available.
- d. Reserved for Prepaid Items This reserve is to indicate these prepaid items are not "available" as a resource to meet expenditures of the current year.
- e. Reserved for Debt Service These reserves represent amounts accumulated in accordance with a bond indenture or similar covenant.
- f. Designated for Self-insurance This designation is for the deficit retained earnings in the Internal Service Fund for Self-insurance.
- g. Designated for Earthquake This amount has been designated to fund the deficit fund balance in the Special Revenue Earthquake Fund.
- h. Designated for Special Revenue Purposes These funds are designated for the specific special revenue purpose as restricted by law or administrative action.

i. Designated for Capital Improvements – These funds are designated to provide for new capital additions as determined by the City Council.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Net working capital deficit of the Transit Enterprise System at June 30, 2001 was as follows:

Current assets	\$ 2,781,384
Current liabilities payable from current assets	(4,762,430)
Net working capital (deficit)	<u>\$(1,981,046</u>)

15. POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to the retirement benefits described in Note 9, the City provides post-retirement health care benefits in accordance with a City resolution to all employees who retire from the City on or after attaining age 50 with 5 years PERS credited service. The City pays the cost of the retirees enrollment including the enrollment of family members in a health benefits plan to a maximum of \$500 per month.

The City funds these amounts on a pay-as-you-go basis. For fiscal year 2000-01 there were seven (7) eligible participants, for which the City paid \$16,848 for medical insurance premiums.

16. CONTRIBUTED CAPITAL

Changes in the Transit Enterprise Fund's contributed capital were as follows (See Note 1h):

Balance June 30, 2000	\$6,857,721
Current depreciation on contributed assets	<u>350,672</u>
Balance June 30, 2001	<u>\$6,507,049</u>

17. NON-CITY OBLIGATIONS

Community Facilities District No. 92-1 Mello Roos Bonds

On October 1, 1992, \$20,000,000 of Mello Roos bonds were issued for Community Facilities District No. 92-1. The Mello Roos bonds are not a general obligation of the City and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City is pledged to the payment of these bonds. The source of debt service is from property assessments within the district. The principal amount of debt outstanding at June 30, 2001 was \$16,720,000.

1915 Act Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds

- a. On September 2, 1992, \$879,432 of 1915 Act Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds for the Golden Valley Road Improvement Assessment District were issued. The 1915 Golden Valley Road Bonds are not a general obligation of the City and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City is pledged to the payment of the bonds. The source of debt service is from the property assessments within the district. The principal amount of debt outstanding at June 30, 2001 was \$810,000.
- b. On January 13, 2001 \$790,000 of 1915 Act Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds for the Vermont Drive/Everett Drive Improvement Assessment District were issued. The 1915 Vermont Drive/Everett Drive Bonds are not a general obligation of the City and neither the faith and credit nor the taxing power of the City is pledged to the payment of the bonds. The source of debt service is from the property assessments within the district. The principal amount of the debt outstanding at June 30, 2001 was \$755,000.

18. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The beginning fund balance of the Special Revenue Funds as of July 1, 2000 has been restated to reclassify the revenue receivable from the Proposition A Grant as deferred revenue, in accordance with GASBS No. 33.

	As Previously <u>Reported</u>	Adjustment	As Restated
Special Revenue Funds	\$41,144,429	\$(2,215,767)	\$38,928,662